



Scale Creates Challenges for Chemicals from Biomass

Mark Jones

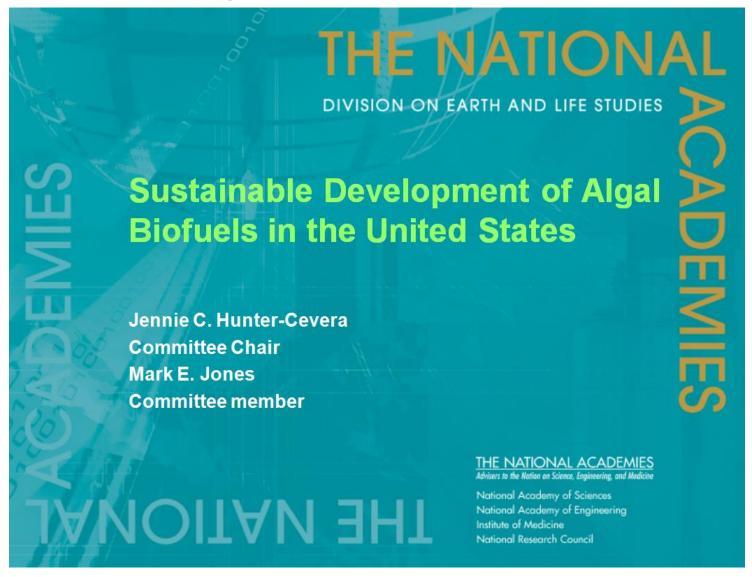
Executive External Strategy and Communications Fellow

The Dow Chemical Company

Abstract

High value chemical markets have been touted as the savior for many biofuels companies. These discussions gloss over the differences between fuels and chemical markets, including market scale and market channels. "Green is good" needs to be replaced by clearly articulated benefits to the environment and consumers to generate a sustainable business.

Last Year Was A Big Year

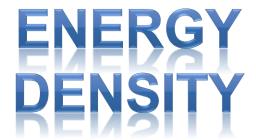




Biofuels Are Like a Jetpack







PRACTICAL APPLICATION



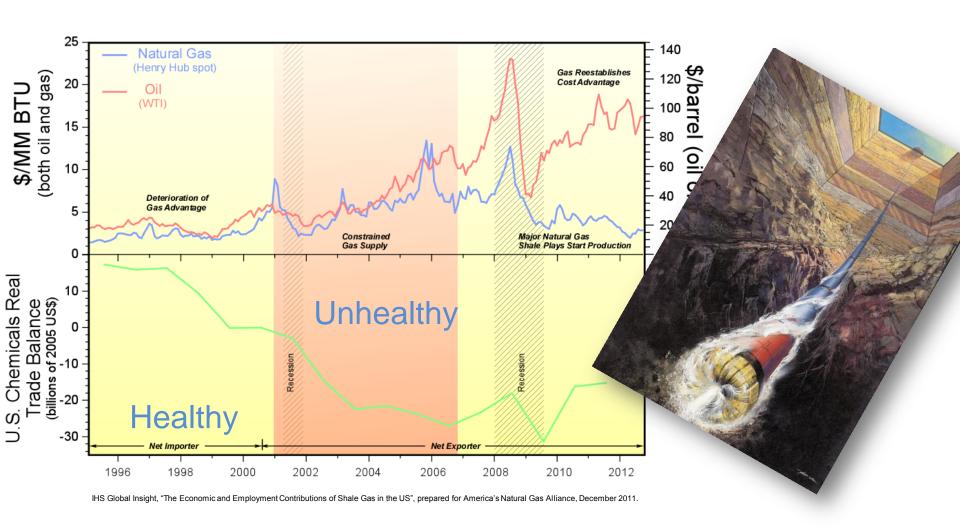


What Unhealthy Looks Like



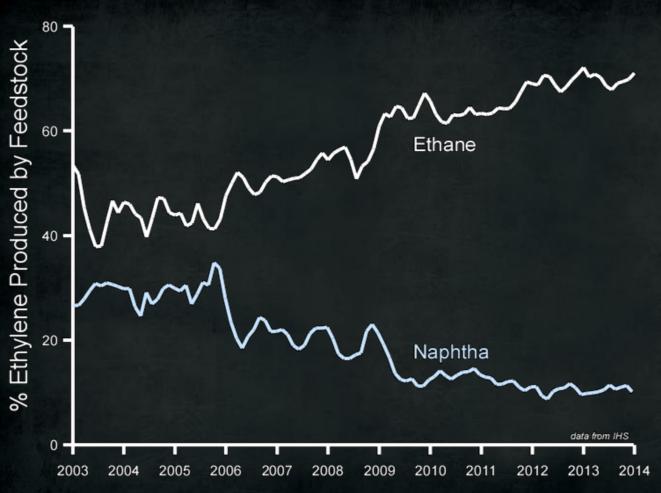


Truth 1: Chemical Industry is Returning to Health





US Trend

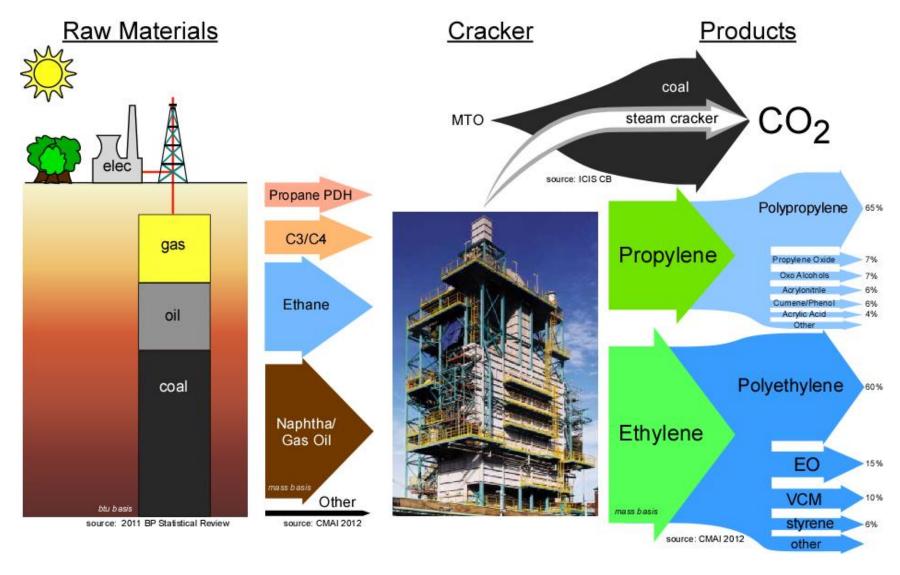


U.S. trend is toward lighter gas cracking and it is an old trend

Implications:

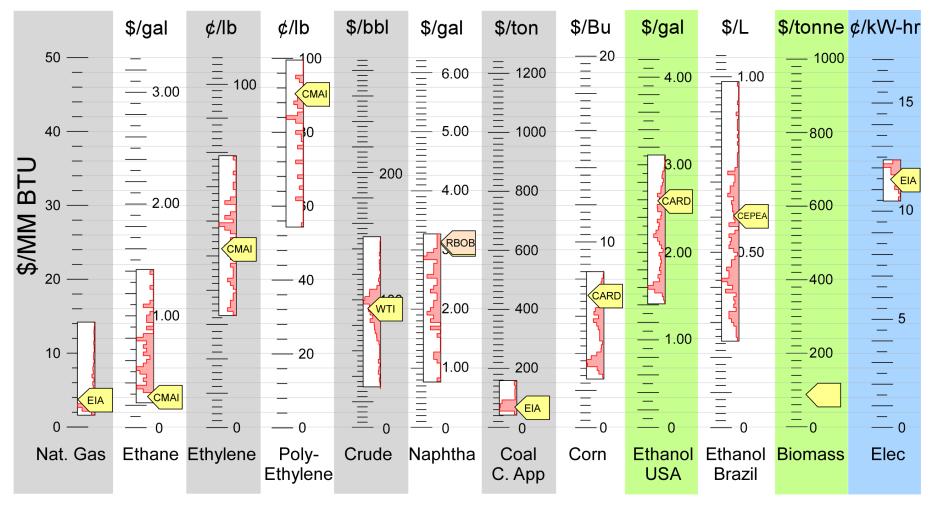
- less propylene
- less butadiene
- less benzene

Chemical Industry





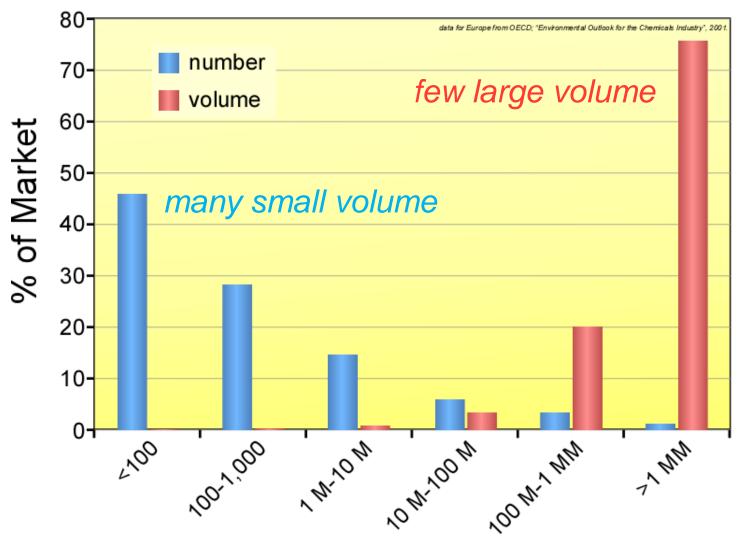
Energy Content



EIA is DOE Energy Information Agency, CMAI is an IHS affiliate, CARD is Iowa State Center for Agricultural and Rural Development, CEPEA is Centro de Estudos Avancado em Economia Aplicada – data for 3-5 years depending on source. updated 22 March 2013



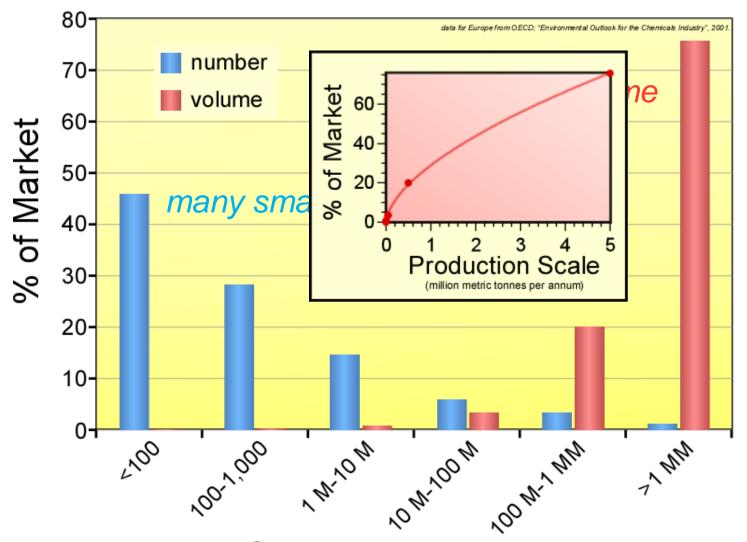
Truth 2: Scale Falls Quickly in Chemicals



Production Scale (metric tonnes per annum)

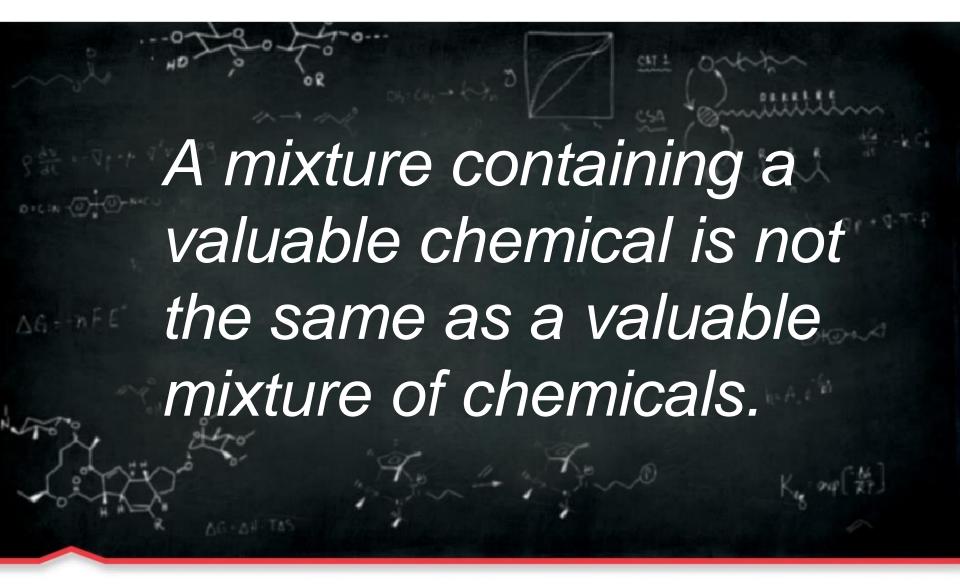


Truth 2: Scale Falls Quickly in Chemicals



Production Scale (metric tonnes per annum)





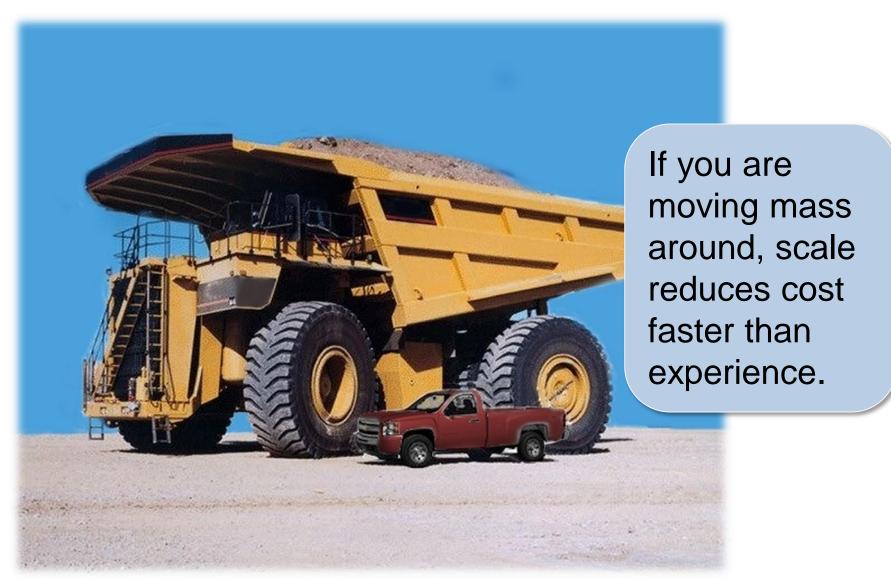


Example





Truth 4: Scale Always Wins





Exercise











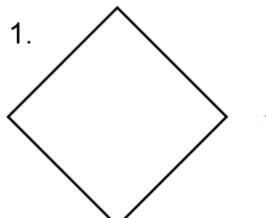


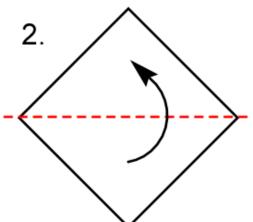
VORTECVED SERVES CELLEN SHE





Scale is Important – *An Example*





Make a cup with an 81/2" square and another with a 41/4" square





5.

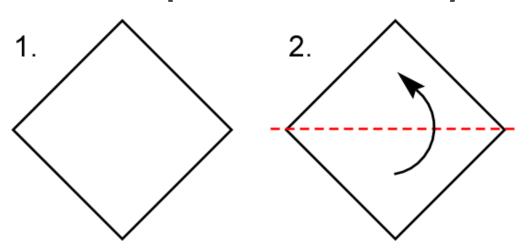








Scale is Important – *An Example*



Make a cup with an 8½" square and another with a 4½ square



4.



The bigger cup holds about a cup. The smaller only about 1/8 of a cup. The amount of paper required increases by the volume to the 2/3 power.

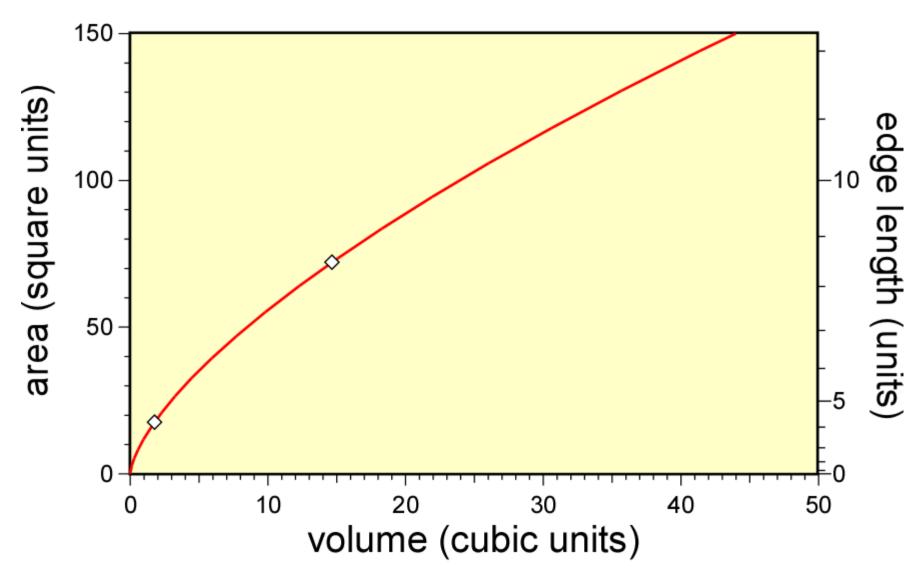






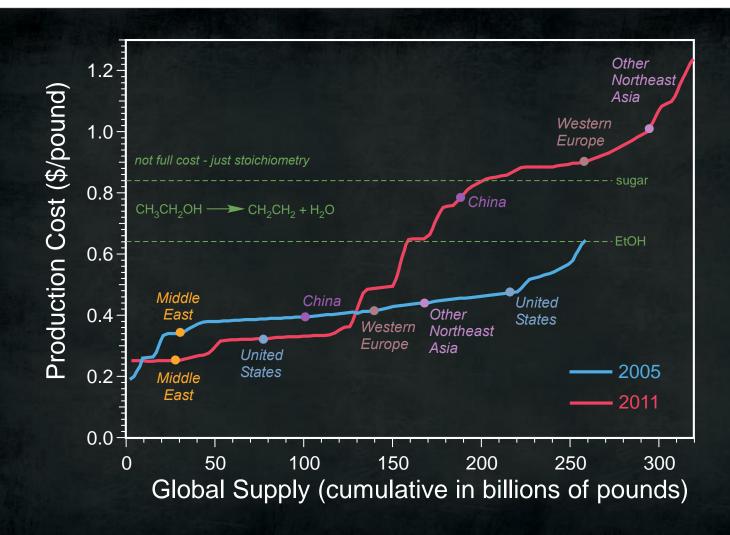


Power Law





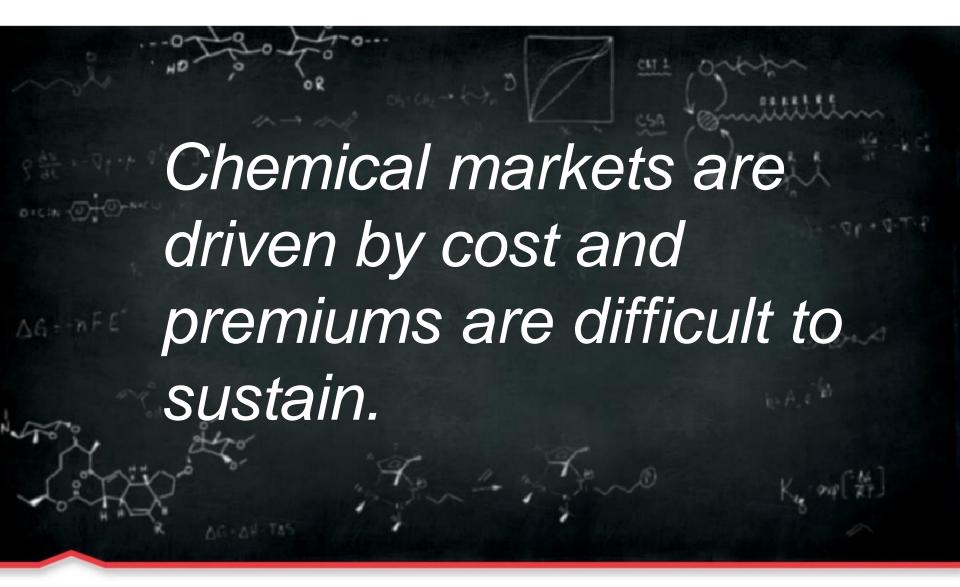
Fallacy 1: Bio Beats Fossil



Owen Kean and T.K. Swift, American Chemistry Council, "Industry-Transforming Natural Gas into Products", National Academy Forum on Unconventional Gas, 11 September 2012.



Fallacy 2: Green Premiums





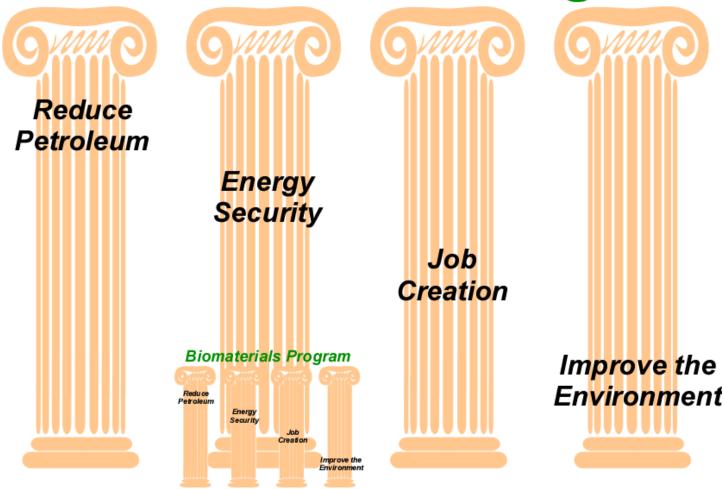
Fallacy 3: Shut-down Economics





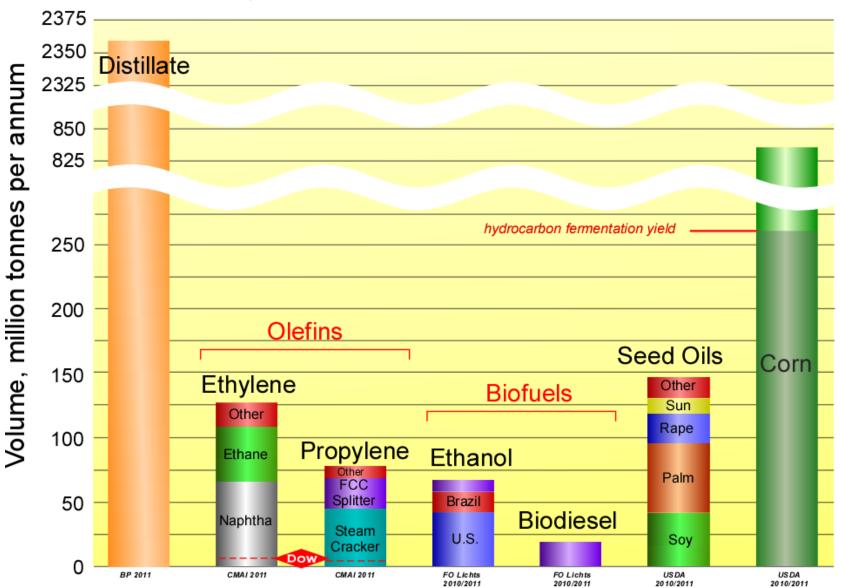
Pivot to Biomaterials

Biomass Fuels Program



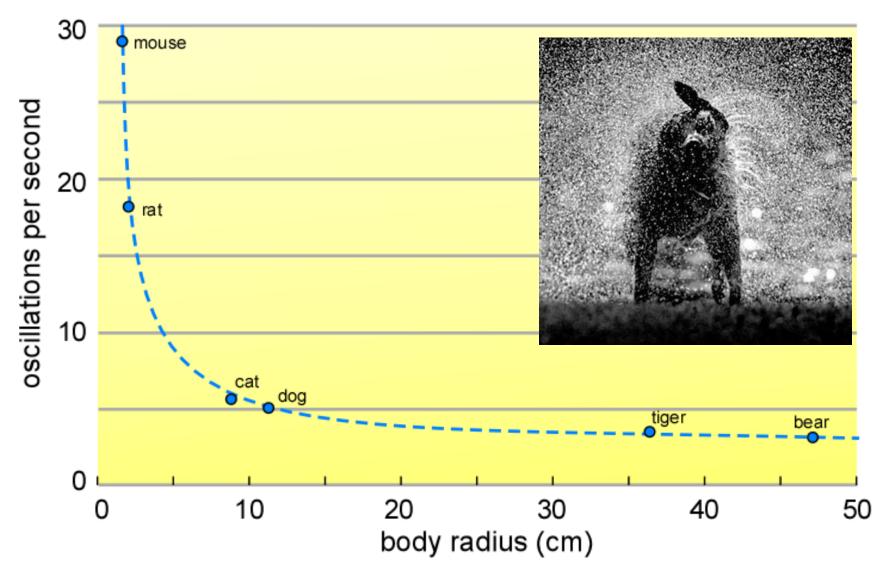


Global Commodity Production



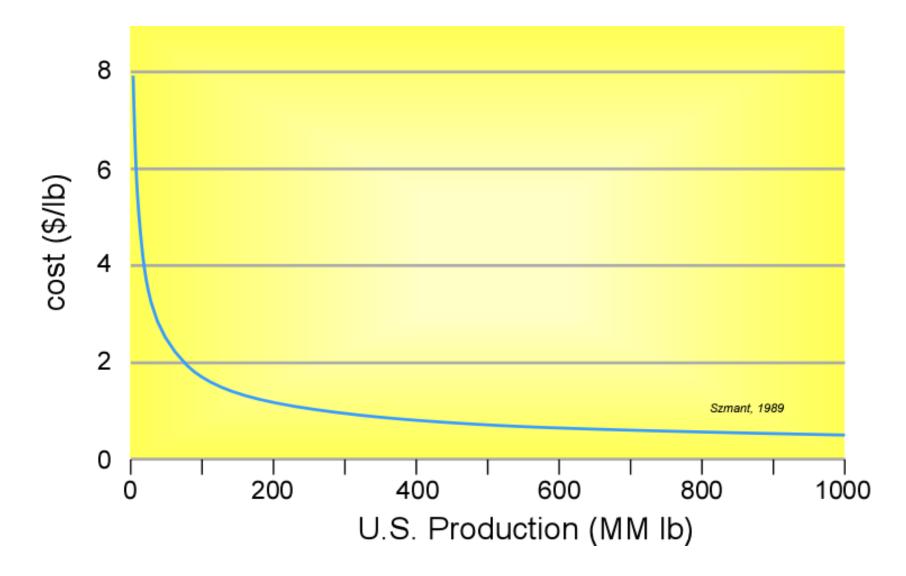


Interesting Correlation



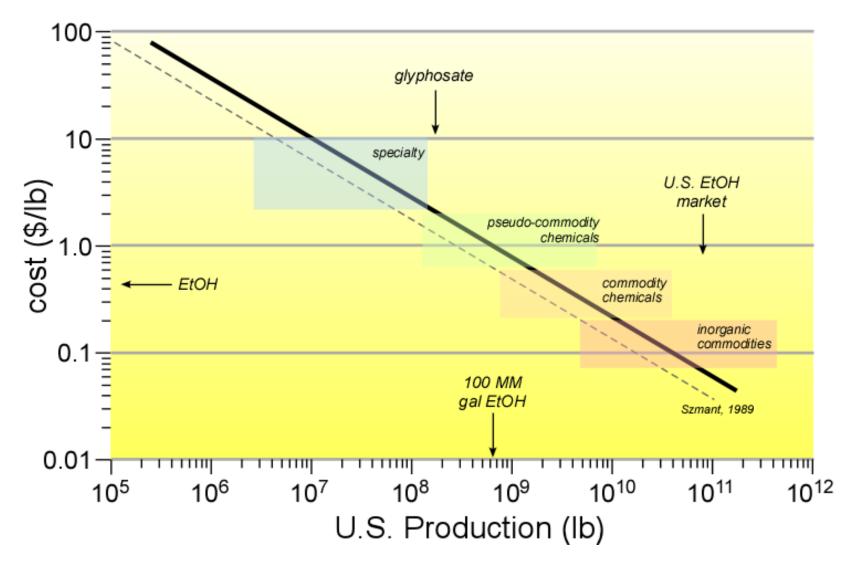


Scale Matters!



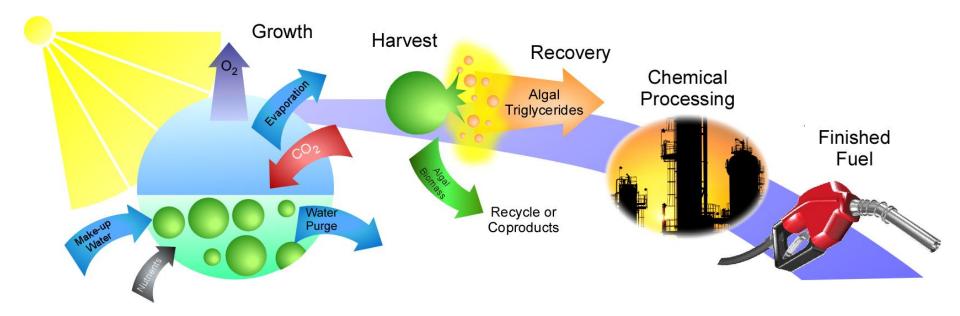


Most Common Version



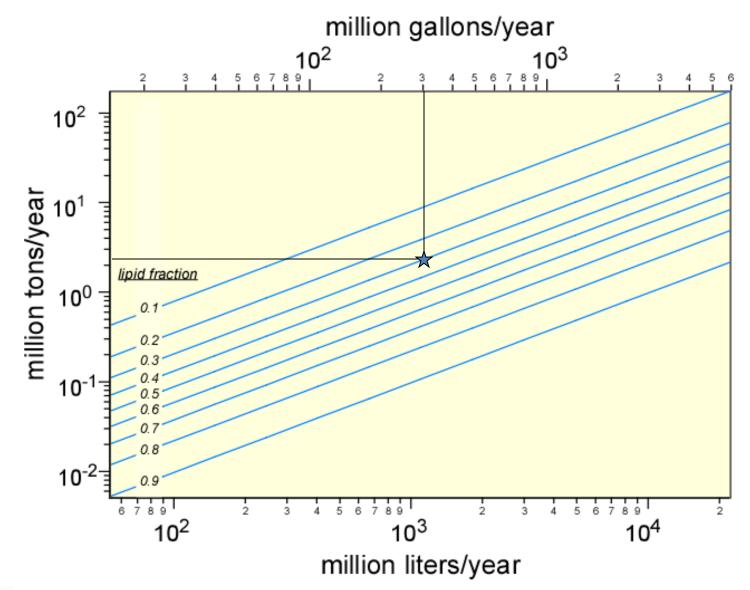


Algae



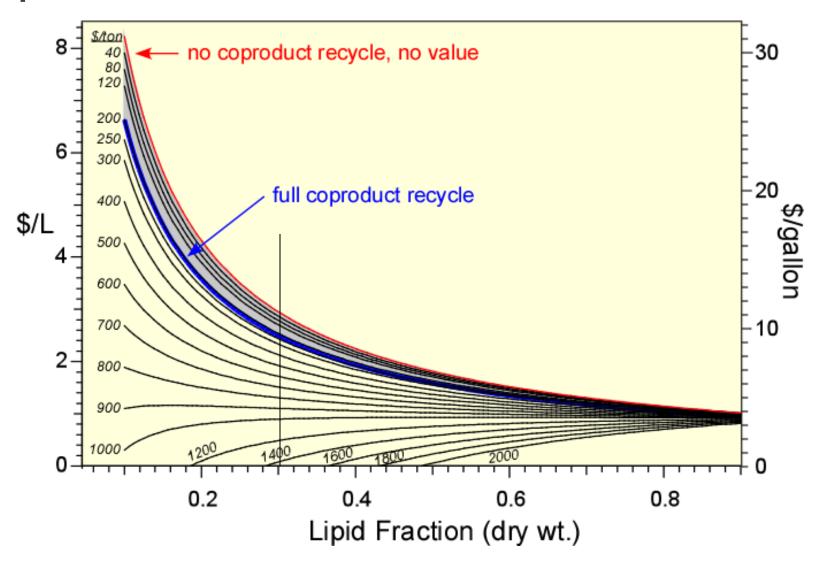


Co-products



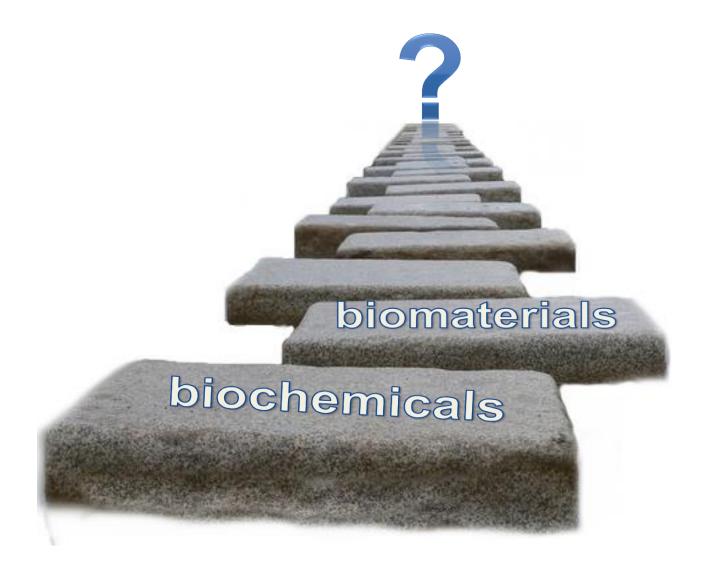


Coproducts



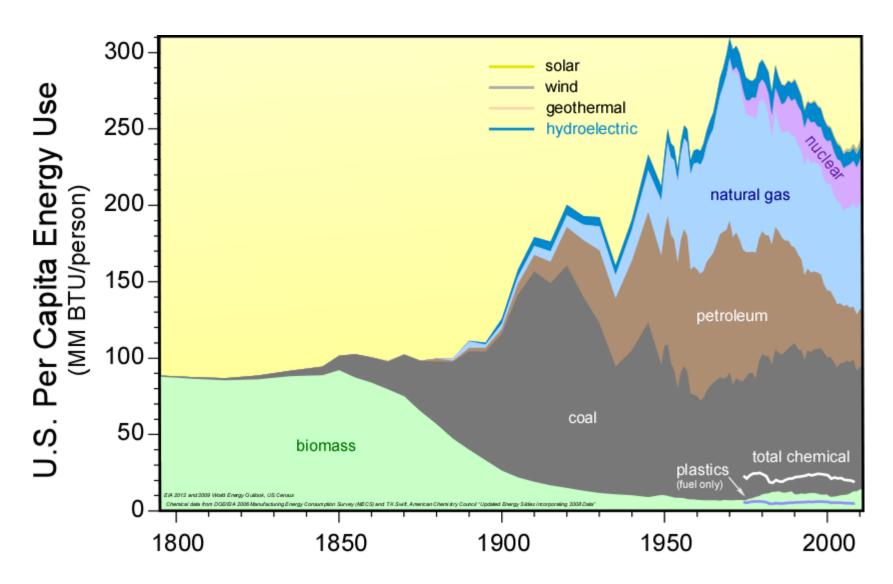


Path to the Future





Personal Impact





Plant Bottles



"At full capacity, it is estimated the facility will produce 500,000 metric tons of material per year. By using plant-based materials instead of non-renewable materials, the facility will remove the equivalent of 690,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide or the equivalent of consuming more than 1.5 million barrels of oil each year."

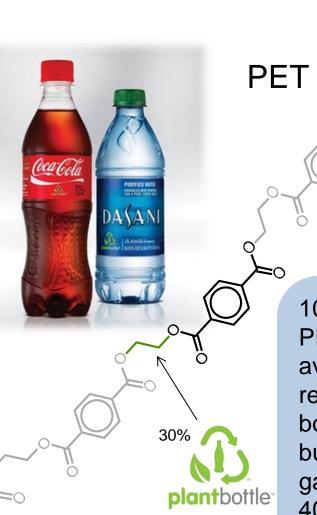
Coca-Cola, 27 Sept 2012



US consumption is 19 million barrels per DAY. World, 90 million.



What Impact?



100% renewable
PET (not yet
available) would
required ~80 2 L
bottles to offset
burning 1 gallon of
gasoline or about
400 at today's 30%

material	per capita consumption (lb/yr)
PET packaging	17
petroleum	6619
natural gas	8037
coal	6439
gasoline	2495
sand and gravel	13923
cement	512
iron ore	340
salt	403
beef	54.3
chicken data from HIS, 2012 ERS	55.7 USDA, 2011 National Mining Assoc., World Bank



PET Comparison

